



➤WHO – Definition
"Nursing is a concept by which we imply the whole activity of nurses and midwives, which we comprehend as the role in preserving health, prevention of diseases, health care and treatment of the patients, and they role in the process of healing "

Millenium development goals (MDG)
and nursing care

Nurses represent the spine of health care systems all over the world and they give us the basis onto which we solve MDG and find solutions and results.

If we want to succeed and advance the performance of health care systems, urgent actions are necessary in order to overcome problems which can undermine the contribution that nurses and midwives can have onto the vision of better health for everybody and in every community.

General director, 2002.

The standards for education of nurses and midwives in EU

* WHO ,the European strategy for education of nurses and midwives

* Directive of EU # 2005/36/EC about accepting professional qualifications

* WHO European strategy for continual education of nurses and midwives

* WHO World standards for initial education of professional nurses and midewives

* Regulatory models of ICN (International Council of Nurses)

* Technical help and exchanging information (TAIEX)

SZO European strategy for education of nurses and midwives

• Main goal

❖ Defining fundamental principles of initial preparation of nurses and midwives

❖ http://www.euro.who.int/nursingmidwifery /publications/20050816_2





The curriculum and programme must be based on research, evidence and abilities.
The abilities mentioned above must include the capability to work in hospitals and undre the conditions in the community and in multy disciplinary health care team as well.

SECTORAL DIRECTIVES IN EU
 In 1970s and 1980s the European Commission prepares special directives for professions-as sectoral directives.
 Every directive was taken out of the process of "harmonizaion" (adjusment) and which is reached with the work of relevant professions at the meetings of The Advisory Committee in Brussels.
 The Committee adjusted the minimal standards for professions (doctors, nurses, dentists, veterinary surgeons, midwives, pharmacists, architects)
 About the nature, minimal standards and the time of education and training that are necessary for receiving qualification, which will be accepted by all member countries

Directive 2005/36/EC about recognition

of professional qualifications

This Directive came into effect on October 20, 2007. and it exchanged 15 sectoral Directives, including 4 that were about professions of nurses and midwives.

Directives: 77/452/EEC; 77/453/EEC for nurses Direkctives: 80/154/EEC; 80/155/EEC for midwives

The goal was strengththening the four earlier described freedoms and simplification of the process of correlation, and harmonization and acceptance.

The correlation is a process by which the decisions of one member country also respect in the other, unless there are ambigous basis to have a doubt.

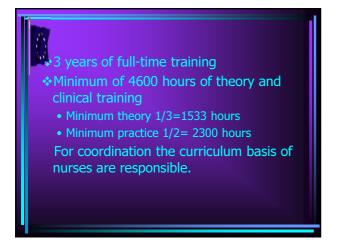
Directive 2005/36/EC, act 31 –Basic demand for General profile nurse training

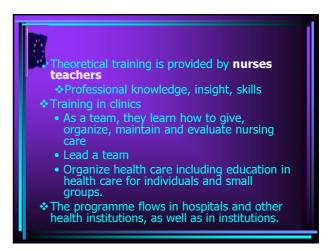
* Entering General profile nurse training can start after finishing the primary education.

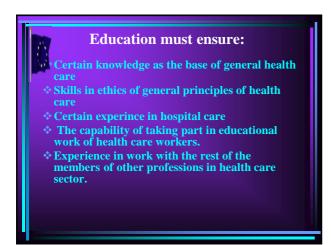
10 years lasting

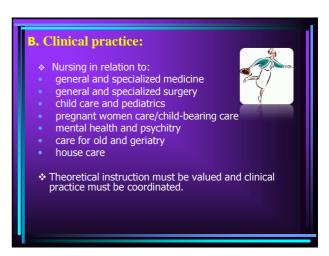
* Confirmed with a diploma, certificate or other evidence issued by the authorities of a member country or

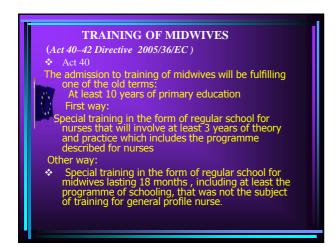
* With a confirmation for a successful pass an exam of a certain level, in order to entering a nursing school.



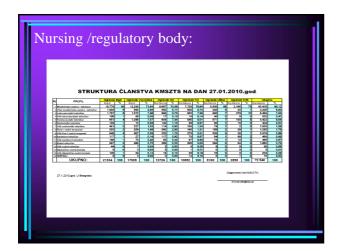




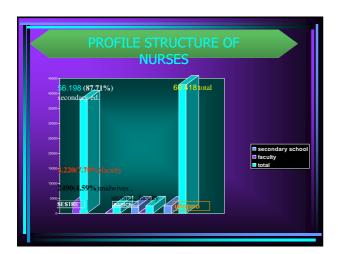






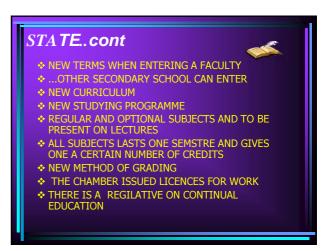






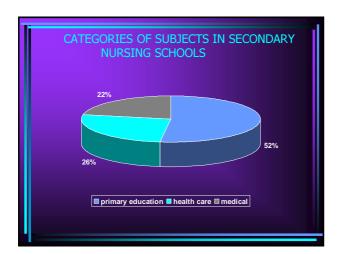


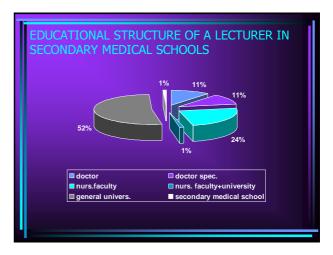


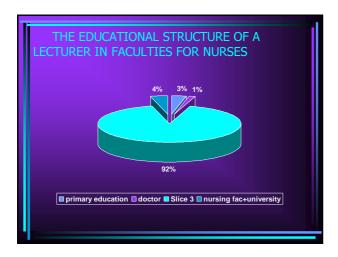


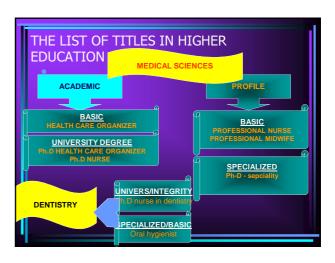


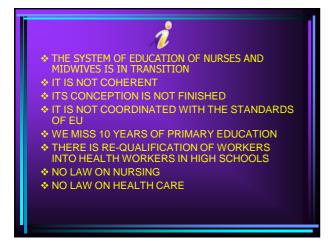


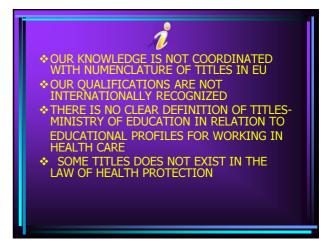




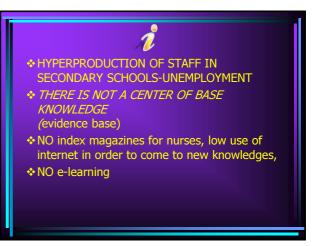






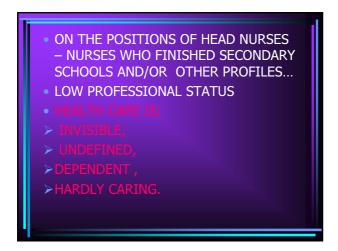


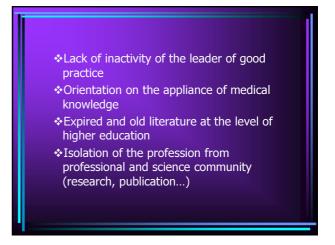




Some of the facts about the position in nursing in Serbia *Necessary educational vertical line *Lack of registered nurse *Lack of educated professionals in the structure of nurses employed *No possibility to professional advance *Workload of nurses that affects the growth of health problems in nursing *Youth unmotivated for nursing

Lack of interest in forcing professional qualification
 Lack of possibility to influence making decesion
 Uncertainty in workplaces
 Lack of cooperation and employer support in the context of lifetime education (horizontal improvement)
 Lack to evaluate a quality work





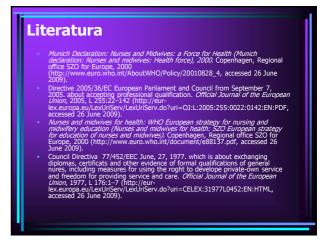




 Not even one policy of Nursing or nurses and midwives won`t be developed and applied without active participation of the representatives of the profession.

 We cannot wait to start it FROM ABOVE! "REVOLUTION" always starts UNDRENEATH, from the base!





Committee Directiva 77/453/EEC June 27, 1977. which is about coordination of services mentioned in
The Regulations, laws or statutes about general nurse profile. Official Journal of the European Union, 1977, L 176:8–10 (http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Lex/LinServ/Lex/UnServ.do²uri=CELEX:31977L0453:EN:HTML, accessed 26 June 2009).
Committee Directive 80/154/EEC January 21, 1980. which is about exchanging diplomas, certificats and other evidence of formal qualifications of midwives, including measures for using the roght to develope private-own service and freedom for providing service and care. Official Journal of the European Union, 1980, L 033:1—7 (http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Lex/UnServ/Lex/UnServ.do²uri=CELEX:31980L0154:EN:HTML, accessed 26 June 2009).
Committee Directive 80/155/EEC January 21, 1980. which is about coordination of providing services mentioned in Regulations, laws or statutes about midwives work. Official Journal of the European Union, 1980, L 033:8–12 (http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Lex/UnServ.do²uri=CELEX:31980L0155:EN:HTML, accessed 26 June 2009).
The Education of Nurses in Serbia –POSITION AND PERSPECTIVES,Milijana Matijević, Milica Blagojević, Radmila Ranković Vasiljević, 2008